

Sixth Semester BSc (CUCBCSS-UG) Degree Examination, March 2020**PSYCHOLOGY****PSY 6B 01 – ABNORMAL PSYCHOLOGY II**

Time: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 80

Part A**(Answer all 10 questions. Each question carries 1 mark)**

1. The term schizophrenia is coined by
2. is the inability to experience joy or pleasure.
3. Touch related hallucination is known as
4. The disorder in which person experience only depressive episodes is
5. Waxy-flexibility is an important feature of schizophrenic form.
6. The type of delusional disorder in which the affected person is having an unshakable belief about having some physical illness is known as
7. Those drugs that affects mental functioning are called as
8. Usually happens following a prolonged drinking spree when a person is in a state of withdrawal
9. Grandiose feelings are common to personality disorder.
10. disorders were formerly known as character disorders.

(10x1 = 10 marks)**Part B****(Answer all questions. Each question carries 2marks)**

11. Avoidant personality disorder
12. Nicotine
13. Hallucination
14. Amphetamines
15. Negative cognitive triad
16. Schizo affective disorder
17. Korsakoff's syndrome

TURN OVER

- 18. Diathesis –stress model
- 19. Cyclothymia
- 20. Apathy

(10x2 = 20 Marks)

Part C

(Answer any six questions in a paragraph. Each question carries 6 marks)

- 21. Clinical features of Paranoid personality disorder.
- 22. What are the effects of Morphine and heroine in our body?
- 23. Subtypes of major depressive disorder.
- 24. Symptoms of dysthymia.
- 25. Types of delusional disorders.
- 26. Differentiate catatonia from hebephrenia.
- 27. Biological causal factors of Personality disorder.
- 28. Clinical picture of schizophrenia

[6x5 = 30 marks]

Part D

(Answer any two questions. Each question carries 10 marks)

- 29. Explain the cluster B personality disorders.
- 30. Examine the psychosocial causal factors in drug abuse.
- 31. Explain how can mood disorders be treated?
- 32. Elucidate the major symptoms of schizophrenia.

[2x10= 20 marks]